

SOMALIA PRE-GLOBAL DISABILITY SUBMITE CONSULTATION MEETING HELD IN MOGADISHU



Date24-25 January 2022 Location Mogadishu Somalia Venue: Jazira Palace Hote

Table of Contents

1.	Acronym	4
1.	Foreword	5
2.	Acknowledgment	6
3.	Summary	7
4.	DAY ONE in The Meeting	9
5.	The Panel Discussion	10
	5.1 Topic 1: the capacity and barrier of the PWDs and DPOs	11
	5.2 Topic 2: Education for all Implementations	11
	5.3 Topic 3: Health facilities and service	11
	5.4 Topic 4: livelihood and Employment	12
	5.5 Topic 5: Crises and Disaster Managements	12
6.	DAY TWO in the meeting	13
	6.1 The Global Disability Submit 2018 UK London	13
	6.2 The Global Disability Submit 2022 Norway	13
	6.3 The Active Presentations Made in The Meeting	14
	6.3.1 Presentation	14
	6.3.1 Presentation	
		14
7.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation	14 15
7.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation	14 15 15
7.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting	14 15 15
7.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting 7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network	14 15 15 15
7.	6.3.2 Presentation 2:	14 15 15 15 15
7.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting 7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network 7.2 Key speakers 2: Hirshablle Disability People 7.3 Key speaker 3: Galmduug Disability People	14 15 15 15 15
7.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting 7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network 7.2 Key speakers 2: Hirshablle Disability People 7.3 Key speaker 3: Galmduug Disability People 7.4 Speakers 4: Banadir Region Disability People 7.5 Key speakers 5: Somali National Disability Council	14 15 15 15 15 16
	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting 7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network 7.2 Key speakers 2: Hirshablle Disability People 7.3 Key speaker 3: Galmduug Disability People 7.4 Speakers 4: Banadir Region Disability People 7.5 Key speakers 5: Somali National Disability Council The Findings in The Discussion	14 15 15 15 15 16 16
8. 9.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting 7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network 7.2 Key speakers 2: Hirshablle Disability People 7.3 Key speaker 3: Galmduug Disability People 7.4 Speakers 4: Banadir Region Disability People 7.5 Key speakers 5: Somali National Disability Council The Findings in The Discussion	14 15 15 15 15 16 16 17
8. 9.	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting 7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network 7.2 Key speakers 2: Hirshablle Disability People 7.3 Key speaker 3: Galmduug Disability People 7.4 Speakers 4: Banadir Region Disability People 7.5 Key speakers 5: Somali National Disability Council The Findings in The Discussion The Communique from the Conference	14 15 15 15 16 16 17
8. 9. 10	6.3.2 Presentation 2: 6.3.2 Presentation The Key Speakers of The Meeting 7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network 7.2 Key speakers 2: Hirshablle Disability People 7.3 Key speaker 3: Galmduug Disability People 7.4 Speakers 4: Banadir Region Disability People 7.5 Key speakers 5: Somali National Disability Council The Findings in The Discussion The Communique from the Conference 0. Somali Disability Network (SDN)	14 15 15 15 15 16 16 17 18



SOMALIA PRE -GLOBAL DISABILITY SUBMIT

CONSULTATION CONFERENCE

1. Acronym

Atlas Alliance Umbrella for Disabled Organization in Norway

BRA Banadir Region Administration

CRPD Convection Rights P{arsons Disability

FGS Federal Government of Somalia

FMS Federal Member State

NDA National Disability Agency

GSD Global Disability Submit

PEDON Puntland Disabled Organizations Network

PWDs Persons With Disabilities

DPOs Disabled people Organization

SCI Save Children International

NAD Norwegian Association of Disabled

SDN Somali Disability Network

VA Victim Assistance

UK United Kingdom

1. Foreword

The Somalia disability network is one of the most powerful DPOs network in Somalia with 15 organisations full member and 20 members most of them active and operational registered in the federal government of Somalia. With active in the federal states working many areas of the country. We thank to the federal government of Somalia ministries, international donors, the Cili society, PWDs, DPOs, and members from the federal state's government participating the meeting



We realised that we have role in the Somalia civil society and disability works decision making that we can present the talents of the PWDs and the capacity of the local Somalia DPOs the disabled people organizations engagements national and international programs with partnership for potential donors. Like Atlas, NAD and other international donors is a good hope for the Somalia DPOs and PWDs.

The two days meeting was a golden occasion that made possible to organize public consultation meeting for the PWDs situation in Somalia. The stakeholders of Somalia the civil society, PWDs, DPOs, international donors and the government of Somalia. With panel discussion, presentation and group work that gather useful input for the second GDS Global Disability Submit in Oslo Norway with Chana and IDA

Finally, the two days brainstorming work resulted call to action from Somalia disability people with 15 articles communiqué to the second GDS Global Disability Submit participants and the international community mainly the donors. jointly the draft was made by the key stakeholders of this two-days meeting as Somalia to highlight the true scenario of the Somalia PWDs Persons with Disabilities and the DPOs the Disabled People Organizations

The Save Children International with Atlas alliance commitment for the empowerment Somalia disability people pave way the achievement done in this work. From the unity of the DPOs, empowerment of the PWDs and investment for this two-days meeting. A progress for the Capacity of the PWDs paly role in the social and policy. And active DPOs operational and accountable for the responsibility in the protection of livelihood and promotion of human rights for the PWDs in the country.

Thanks, your time

Mr. Abdullahi Hussein Osman

The Chairperson of Somali Disability Network



2. Acknowledgment

Somalia disability network paid tribute to the all stakeholders who has participated the initiation, implementation, funding for the Pre-Global Disability Submit Consultation that took place in Oslo Norway with joint host Chana and the IDA international disability alliance.

We thanks to the participants from the civil society, PWDs, DPOs, Donors and Somali government who put the meeting part of their value time nearly today's engagement in the conference. We very much indented for your inputs the meeting and the persons complied this 25 pages report the drafting, design, interoperations, analysis and the interviews.

Finally, we give our best tribute to the Somali Disability Network coordination of the work, Save the Children International in cash contribution that made possible the hosting the meeting in five-star hotel in Mogadishu, and the federal Somali government National Disability agency, the ministry of the women and human rights who made the official work

3. Summary

Somalia organised two days pre—consultation meeting the global disability submit organised the Norway and Chana government with co-host the international disability alliance. The second platform held international to raise the attention of the people in the work to the 1.5 billion people with variety disabilities. Most of them suffering inequality and discrimination in their countries. Where majority of them suffer massive discriminations, abject poverty, illiteracy attributed lack of participation in the decision-making organs social and policy in their countries.

Somalia pre-global disability is organised jointly the Somali federal government ministry of human rights, national disability agency, Somali disability network and the save the children international. A Large conference invited the civil society, international donors and the government. The submit took place in Jazira place hotel leading five Star with hospital accommodation and accessibility for the disability lift and ramps in the country.

The chairperson of the Somali Disability Network Mr. Abdullahi Hussein Osman made welcome of the participants and the introduction of the meeting agenda and role of the coordinating partners. And overall objectives of the network and member organizations. One of the key speakers of the submit made call to action for the communiqué made the conference. Unlike other meeting that has not addressed the situation of the PWDs and DPOs. Held in the country and outside.

The chairperson of the National Disability agency Mr. Mohamed Jam'a Degoweyne made thanks to the all participants with their titles and roles in the conference and Partners implementing the two days pre-consultation meeting for the global disability two. The situation of the PWDs and DPOs is invisible in the public and private in Somalia. On the ground the PWDs and DPOs are working hard to take their role. The national disability agency will give priority the coordination of work on the ground with DPOs, Civil society, Donors and the Somalia government. The ratification of the CRPD and the establishment of the NDA is starting point that can lead progress for the overall situation and rights PWDs and the DPOs.

The ministry of the women and human rights Mrs. Hanifa Mohamed Ibrahim opened the meeting official with remakes of the disability people and the all participants. The minister addressed the issue of disability and emphasised that disability is not inability. In the due course of work, we found talents, respect, knowledge and role in the ministry work.



BOX: 1 Case Study. 1 Mss Amina Mohamed

A young Girl 25-year age wheelchair user with spinal code injury says. I did not get support for a preventable disability. As female with disability every thins is impossible. The pleasure I have today is not with me every at home. No practical support with us after this high conference. My future looks dark, no marriage, education, employment and social participation. The destiny and disability are not the issue, put exclusion of everything.

The participants of the submit were mainly from PWDs who are the main lead of the thematic of the conference with key protocol guiding the conference 7 persons 4 from the PWDs. Three from the DPOs and one from the ministry of the women and human rights. Interactive role presentations were made by the member from the PWDs and DPOs from the Banadir region Mogadishu the capital city of Somalia and member from the federal states representatives from the PWDs and DPOs.

The questions made in the discussion come from mostly the PWDs and DPOs as well as the civil society and the members from the government. All highlighted the negligence made the disability in Somalia over a decade. And in the last two-year Somalia signed joined the CRPD member states and established national disability agency relatively after the first global disability submit 2018 London Uk, where largest commitment 170 made include 9 commitments made Somalia government and more other made by some the international donors based in Somalia who most of them did not take actions to ensure the implementation made their leaders.

The expectation of the Somalia PWDs and DPOs from the pre-consultation was to raise attention the situation of the Somalia disability people, ensure the national and international program in the country should be inclusive for all that the PWDs and DPOs participation are secured. Billion's dollar investment made Somali for humanitarian, development and governances every year is planned and implemented without the role of the PWDs and DPOs. To insure the articles of the CRPD implemented and inclusive for social land policy in Somalia.

The participants of the conference highlighted the gap in the country for the disability in the social and policy. Mainly the education and employment opportunities which is mainly private not accessible for the PWDs, employment. And the national development plan and disaster management made in the last years have no role that can support the PWDs in the emergency respond and the national investments. This violates the rights of the 2.22 million citizens in the public and private work sectors in Somalia. National and international crime against the disabled people in the country.

Rable 1. OCHA Message Humanitarian Principles

Humanity	Neutrality	Impartiality	Independence
Human suffering must be addressed wherever it is found. The purpose of humanitarian action is to protect life and health and ensure respect for human beings.	Humanitarian actors must not take sides in hostilities or engage in controversies of a political, racial, religious or ideological nature	Humanitarian action must be carried out on the basis of need alone, giving priority to the most urgent cases of distress and making no distinctions on the basis of nationality, race, gender, religious belief, class or political	Humanitarian action must be autonomous from the political, economic, military or other objectives that any actor may hold with regard to areas where humanitarian action is being implemented.
		opinions.	

4. DAY ONE in The Meeting

The meeting will be introduction, panel discussion and questions and answers for the situation of the disability people in Somalia. The chairperson Somali disability network Mr. Abdullahi Hussein Osman made welcome of the participants with brief explanations of the disability people and their organization and the advantage the second global disability submit conference 2022

and the ministry of the women and human rights Mrs. Hanifa Mohamed Ibrahim made remarkable speech in the meeting. And told That she is very broad to work with disability people who have talented people with good effort that made changes the situations of the disability. As minster we have done a lot in the past for the CRPD, national disability and the disability act in draft now. All these are effort to empower the PWDs. We also have close cooperation with DPOs operating in the country

we all welcome this pre consultation submit for the global disability conference which we role and responsibilities to fill in as government. We made progress in the Global disability submit London 2018 commitment. And we have the commitment to make good commitment for the disability people. In the tow days we can draft call to action that will help million people with disabilities in Somalia.

The chairperson of the National Disability Agency committee Mr. Mohamed Jama talked the CRPD in brief and the overall situation of the PWDs in Somalia. And recommended Somalia and international community commitment for the support of the disability who have no even census and strategic plan. So far we finished preparation for the draft report the disability people need assessment.

The panellist discussion six key thematic areas of problems facing the disability people in Somalia. Education barriers, healthcare service, social protection, employment, disasters and so on. The panellist made deeper explanation of the issues and the participants asked question the panellists for the discussion made. The major argument focuses the inclusion of the PWD social the education, health care and employment as well as the ratification of the legislations and implementations Finally members of the participants made recommendations. Look back all mistakes made in the preparations of the global disability submit 2018 London and the implementations of the commitment



BOX:2 Case Study 2 Mr. Dalmar Adow

visual impaired youth boy in the meeting shared with us painful tale. I lost my sigh at the age of 5 years and lost both my parent at the age 10 year. I took my shoes to education that made me the changes necessary for survival. Served Rainbow Alliance school in Merka Somalia. Finished in Kenya finally secured my first degree in Mogadishu. Still people say your good at nothing. They see disability rather the talents I have. Now I am instructor for the blind children school unpaid volunteer. Unlikely the thsuads instructors paid



5. The Panel Discussion

A Group of four persons in the panellist and one person moderator of the discussion made inter active discussion the issue of the disability in Somalia. The panellist focusses five thematic topics mainly overall situation of the Somali disabled people. The panellist consisted of one person form the PWDs, One Persons for civil society, one person from the NDA and one person from the ministry of the women and human right.

The discussion of the meeting is overshadowed by the discrimination from the civil society, international donors and the government agencies. The panel discussion gave priority key thematic service that people with disabilities need. The social programs the health care, education. employment, humanitarian aid, the development and the political participation.

The participants of the two days session ask questions directly and indirectly the panellist that reveal the rights and role of the PWDs in the world and the DPOs in partnership the for the national and international program. The key actors of the DPOs in the conference presented their commitments and capacity for their organizations

5.1 Topic 1: the capacity and barrier of the PWDs and DPOs

Members from the PWDs stood to take action and organized to establish DPOs most of them operational. With Limited capacity and poor empowerment. The Somali Disability Network consist of 15 full member organizations that work common goals and objectives. The CRPD is important, Somalia is the 178 ratification members. The CRPD has obligation to the civil society, international donors and the Government to insure inclusive for all development.

The empowerment for the public accessibility is an essential for the PWDs free barriers in the markets and streets and Hotels. The government made national disability agency that may fill in the gap. And address the barriers. Understanding of disability is problem in Somalia. Referral in the world First Disability was shame; second disability people are human deserve a charity and third disability people have equal rights and equal opportunities.

The state collapse has mad impact the role of the disability in the development; Conflict of interest among them is problem against their achievements. The government made NDA and CRPD and the act is in process. Lack of implementation and partnership remains limitation their role. Restriction the legal status for the DPOs registration other challenge CRPD implementation is more meaningful than the ratification. Lack of partnership is other problems aghast the DPOs.

5.2 Topic 2: Education for all Implementations

There is a special need education problem in the country, positive discrimination is to use the deaf and the blind people particular schools. This makes barrier, rather joint schools that have common problems and barrier against the students with disabilities. Lack of School infrastructures accessibility in the classes, toilettes—and curriculum with learning materials is another challenge to the moral and the ambition of the students with disabilities is high. The role of the government and international donors is very law.

The majority of the schools in the country are private with limited premise and infrastructure very difficult to install accessibility. Lack of transportation and braille or sing language is a major problem left behind the children with disability from the education. The children with disabilities are locked in homes, the non-disabled children are send to schools. Lack of national SNE policy is major setback and discriminations.

Lack of national and international investment for the SNE in Somalia is other problems So far one school is invested in Mogadishu out of the hundreds schools investments in the country. TVET technical vocational skills training are an important for adult PWDs. Marketable job security for many people. IEDP centre served graduation of hundreds of persons.

5.3 Topic 3: Health facilities and service

Somalia is a country with least medical service for public. The existing private facilities are very much expensive. Infrastructure accessibility and communication barriers are key

problem most PWDs lack medical care and treatment. Poor skills and facilities increase the disability. Many people acquire disability for preventable problems for a financial payment.

Lack of rehabilitation service physiotherapy, orthopaedics and mobility support increased practical disability. Where most the disabled persons are not able to get support for their disability mobility. Least support for prevention disability can work proper treatment a fascination. The CRPD enforces national disability conference that gather all ministries involved social and development. Lack of national disability health policy and legislation can contribute the solution of the problems

5.4 Topic 4: livelihood and Employment

The PWDs have problems in the employment IEDP centre served TVET technical vocational skills training for hundreds of persons. With variety skills sewing machines, electronics repair mobile phone and computers. Collective pressure to the local and international institutions providing employment. There is joint work between the ministry of women and human rights and labour Orientation for employment. The unity and the cooperation among the DPOs can make pressure. The cooperation between the NDA and DPOs is supportive to achieve progress the social protection for the PWDs.

One other important idea is campaign, the quota of the employment for the PWDs in the public and private. Not only employment quota we can launch put also political participation quota for the PWDs exciding the gender 30%. The disabled people are both male and females without role and representation in the policy there 40% quota is possible campaign to can insure equal opportunities in the country

The national disability act insure the social for the PWDs and their families. Member from the PWDs participated the consolation that can lead success for their role. There will be joint work outreach inclusive employment for the public and private institutions in the country. The concern is that there enormous DPOs without unity that can held accountability.

5.5 Topic 5: Crises and Disaster Managements

The persons with disabilities and members of their families are more vulnerable to the disaster both manmade and natural. Easily the PWDs are excluded the protection and rescue programs. Lack of amplified voice is key problems against the disability people. Unlikely the IDP camps have organised team for emergency respond call that turns the eyes of the donors and the government. So far, the NDA has made preliminary assessment for the humanitarian and development program in the country to insure the ration for the disability people. Example humanitarian aid are usual assigned to leader of districts without mentioning the ration of the PWDs.

6. DAY TWO in the meeting

Somali Disability Network members made the welcome words and introduction is made with brief recap of the yesterday activities. The meeting opens with presentations made the parts in the conference. Focusing several issues concerning the event. That gave the participant indepth analysis the first ever global disability 2018. And the second ever disability submit 2022 that will take place Norway next days.

6.1 The Global Disability Submit 2018 UK London

The first ever global disability submit was held 24 July 2018 with host of the government of Kenya and UK government with IDA international disability alliance. An international submit that yielded 170 commitments to the disability people in the world participated highest representative from governments and organizations, national and internationals with hundreds of millions dollar pledge on spot for the changes made 1.5 billion people in the world¹.

Most donors based in Somalia were part of the organizations and governments made 170 commitments. To make reaction the promises made in the first every disability submit 2018. Progress was made in the commitment interventions by Somalia government and international donors. Somalia federal government was one of the states participated the submit with high level delegation deputy prime minister and ministry of the women and human rights made nine commitment which two of them was implemented. The Establishment national disability agency NDA process and the ratification of the CRPD in Somalia. That both of these has not progress report for the achievements made the implementation².

The expectation of the 2.22 million Somalia disabled people from the first Global Disability Submit 2018 was the fulfilment of the 170 commitments in Somalia. Some of the Local DPOs in the country reported lack of participation in the decision making and implementation for the humanitarian and development programs in the country. No partnership for the DPOs in the country is clear message. The gap of the PWDs situations remains unsolved. ³

6.2 The Global Disability Submit 2022 Norway

On 16-17 February 2022 the second every largest international disability conference will open in Norway with host governments Norway and Chana with IDA international disability alliance co-organization the meeting. This meeting will have great impact to the lives of the 1 billion people with disabilities in the world. The largest minority without a role in their country. a people who has collective punishment for the destiny in their nation mostly some of the continents in the world mostly the less developed nations. ⁴

¹ Global Disability Submit Londan 2018

² Somali Disability Network

³ Somali Disability Cluster

⁴ Global Disability Submit Norway 2022

This conference will be mainly virtual that hundreds of people from variety regions and countries will participate in the virtual meeting platform mostly the zoom technology. In the respect of the covid19 pandemic spread in the work where traveling is restricted in some areas. ⁵ The world will have focus to the gap in the development, empowerment, legislation and socioeconomic. The commitment of the first GDS 2018 will have respect. ⁶

Call to action drafts and statement collected from variety countries in the world be highlighted in the conference. Somalia includes focus countries in Africa. Pre-consultation meeting sends call to action that is very important the projection of the disability people and DPOs work on the ground. Somali disability network plays active role the host of the pre-consultation meeting in the country ⁷

6.3 The Active Presentations Made in The Meeting

6.3.1 Presentation 1: Mr. Madar Bashir from Save children TOFI project made over introduction of the GDS 2022 Norway the expectation and objectives of the conference. And GDS 2018 London Uk. Comparative analysis the commitment and the achievement made so far. The disability we see is not the physical change or the sensory. It is mainly the environment and cluster that make disabled the persons with some kind of impairments. Extensive advocacy made in the world by PWDs led the development we see in Somali of the progressive countries like the Norway who are frontline in the disability development in the world.

Extensive work and intervention for the empowerment of the DPOs partially the members of the Somali Disability People made sound that enabled the host of this meeting. With other network PEDON who are active in the Puntland state, and some key actors in other federal state in Somalia is progress that need sustainability and support from the stakeholders. In the end of the TOFI project in Somalia development in the disability will be the full result of the project. ⁸

6.3.2 Presentation 2: Dr Mohamed specialist eye surgery and treatment the situation of the blind people in Somalia is alarming, the major causes of the problems are disease that can threated. Assessment we made in many areas in the country resulted gap beyond the work done in the country for the eye protection. Mainly in the schools we found number of children with eye problems who have reading problems and lack of awareness from the school admiration and the parents of the students. Voluntarily we did treatment several thousand people and distributed optical support materials the eye glass and lens as well as medicine. Undeniable is that many people lose their sight for less one dollar treatment and view work of consoling.

⁵ Global Disability Submit Norway 2022

⁶ Global Disability Submit Londan 2018

⁷ Pre-Global Disability Submit Conference Somalia

6.3.2 Presentation 3 Mr. Mohamed Jama the chairperson from the DNA highlights the work of the government for the disability. Starting point where some legislations are passed, the NDA was established and the national disability act is in draft. The NDA is working to conduct need basement and census in the country with partnership the relevant government organs and the donors and the DPOs in the federal states and the Banadir region. NDA is national that stand the support and emergent national DPOs who are key actors in on the ground.

The situation of the PWDs in the country is making progress for the coordination of the disability work. Number of DPOs working volunteer made changes from zero to starting point. The donors and the government should focus their role to human rights model rather charity model that may not made result in the short time and linger time.

7. The Key Speakers of The Meeting

7.1 Key speaker 1: Puntland Disability Network

Member from the Puntland disability network Thanked all participants with a greeting and their position in the meeting. And made in brief outlines the situation of the PWDs and DPOs point of view for the GDS 2022 Norway. The voice of the PWDs and the DPOs in the country is increasing that made them to be heard and respond for the support they need is employment and advocacy that can made changes in the public. PEDON has made development in the area of work for the people with support of the Puntland federal state government and the donors.

So far there is infrastructure that we work in some area, while some of the ears have gap and not invested. Our main headquarter is Garowe large building with verity facilities learning, health care, rehabilitation and recreational. The gap is slaw support for the running cost of the project in the headquarter. So far, their support that lasts with the end of the projects. And the need is still there. The emergency and humanitarian aid need in the area is beyond our respond that need joint strategic plan and partnership

7.2 Key speakers 2: Hirshablle Disability People

Member from the Hirshablle. thanked all participants for their appreciation the participation of the meeting. He added that the people with disability in Hirshablle have enormous problems that need to addressed. The area is faced disasters mainly floods that caused rains and river. Drought and fights that makes very hard the situation of the people in the area.

The PWDs are most vulnerable to the risk of the disaster, the international community and the administration in the areas the regions and the district is not prepared to support the disability people. The federal state government is struggling the security and policy. The international community has not made inclusive for all operation in the area for the humanitarian aid

7.3 Key speaker 3: Galmduug Disability People

Member from the Galkacyo Galmudug Federal Member state of Somalia. Greeted every person with his/her name and title and thanked their appreciation to participate thee meeting. He added the area we work the PWDs are more vulnerable in the disaster that

devastated the villages, districts and regions in the state. The PWDs are most vulnerable in the society who have no jobs and cannot depend their live in the area livestock and farming.

7.4 Speakers 4: Banadir Region Disability People

member the PWDs in the country very much delighted to organize such this meeting. We thank all participates with their names and title in the conference. We feel to be discriminated in some area of the public and private. The PWDs and the DPOs are consulted in the decision-making tables. We send message to the world that PWDs and DPOs are prepared to play role their decisions in the development the education and employment and legislations human rights protections

the PWDs based in Banadir are estimated to be 600,000 persons large number, nearly 20% out of the 3 million people based in Mogadishu and Surrounding area. The number of DPOs based are estimated to more than 73 organization with two networks. So far there has not been investment from the federal government of Somalia in the hundreds project implemented ever year and the Banadir region that coordinates hundreds project every year. As well as the international donors who based in the country spend billions dollar every year in the development, humanitarian and governances

7.5 Key speakers 5: Somali National Disability Council

After decades of struggle for the disabled people rights. I member we have worked very hard. We finally managed to make progress the rights of the disability people. We also thank the whole people and institutions who made possible the advisory and empowerment of the PWDs in Somalia. The national disability council is civil society organization that connect the PWDs in the country.

We have worked to engage with the government organs the cabinet, the legislation and the federal state. We have made change in the rights of the disability people from charity model and social model. We still see exclusion and discrimination from the public and private work in the country. we call to all stakeholder to give consideration the PWDs and DPOs work in the country.

BOX: 3 Somali Federal Government Professional Constitution

Article 10. Human Dignity, Article 11. Equality and Article 12. Application of the Fundamental Rights. These articles provide full right all people protection and equal opportunities. And the Article 16. Freedom of Association. Give the rights join or establish an organization that work for them civil society or political part. The Article 20. Freedom of Assembly, Demonstration, Protest, and Petition. Give citizen organize peaceful demonstration protest their complaint. The Article 24. Labour Relation. Every citizen has rights decent job without discriminations. The Article 25. Environment. Every citizen has right to live reasonable accommodation environment and access the natural or national resource. The Article 27. Economic and Social Right. Ever citizen the right to open economic and social. The Article 29. Children. Every citizen child should have national identity, family name, free education and save area to live. The Article 30. Education person and child should free education primary and secondary. The Article 32. Right of Access to Information Every citizen should information feeding. Baraile and sing language for sensory impairment is not available hers.

All these rights should be given the PWDs and DPOs in Somalia without violations



8. The Findings in The Discussion

- 8.1 The Participants in the Meeting all acknowledge the gap for the humanitarian aid, human rights protection and the governance program implemented in the country by national and international stakeholders this made 20% of the population to be left behind for only the destiny or their disability. Deliberate violation of the Somali federal constitution, CRPD and international human rights protocols Somali signed.
- 8.2 The investments made in the country every year is planned, coordinated, implemented, monitored and reported without the role and the participation of the PWDs and DPOs in the right time for the imitations and the decision-making tables for the civil society, international donors and the government organs. Deliberate denial of CRPD and international laws that demonstrate inclusive for all partnership and support programs.
- 8.3 The PWDs wake up in the last decades and realised their role in the society the social and political. Where very number of PWDs start the participation of the education. a very little enrolment that has barrier for environment, culture, the curriculum and policy of the education facilities and organs the schools, network and consortiums. A country that has no national braille and sign languages for the visual and hearing impairment people.
- 8.4 Somalia Federal government did not implement the nine-commitment made 2018 London in the first Global Disability Submit among the 170-commitment made there. So far, the CRPD is passed put not implanted and reported. The NDA National Disability Agency leadership was selected without the role of the PWDs and DPOs. And the national disability is in draft for 6 year spent huge money by international donors a process for fundraising.

- 8.5 The international donors based in the country sponsored program and projects in partnership with national NGOs, International NGOs, federal states and federal government institutions in Somalia. Unaccounted the expenditure and the achievement of the program target. A deliberate violation the rights and the role of the PWDs and DPOs access information and report about that has been done for accountability to the stakeholders in the work.
- 8.6 A country without national disability census and strategic development works the objectives and goals based the protection of human rights and development of the PWDs and DPOs status in the country. where national development plan and the legislation made are exclusive without role the PWDs and DPOs. The violation of CRPD and international laws.
- 8.7 A country without national rehabilitation program supporting the government, and private programs supported the donors. VA the victim assistance program work very low in the country to respond the constant result of the disability cased the bullets, ERW, subside attack and bullets in the gunfire. In some cases, the victim dies or lose their limps for preventable wounds. While many other suffer lack orthopaedics support mostly exported Kenya and Turkey possible for very little people among the victims. And lack of trauma healing and counselling for the victim.

BOX: 4 CRDP Convention Rights Persons with Disabilities

Article 5 – Equality and non-discrimination, Article 6 – Women with disabilities, Article 7 – Children with disabilities, Article 8 – Awareness-raising Article 9 – Accessibility, Article 10 – Right to life

Article 11 - Situations of risk and humanitarian emergencies, Article 24 - Education, Article 25 - Health,

Article 26 – Habilitation and rehabilitation Article 27 – Work and employment Article 28 – Adequate standard of living and social protection. All these articles demonstrate to insure the rights of every person as individual or group. Free from discriminations, barriers, exclusion of service health, education, nutrition and enjoy friendly spaces and learning premises.

Article 29 – Participation in political and public life Article 31 – Statistics and data collection Article 32 – International cooperation Article 33 – National implementation and monitoring Article 34 – Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Article 35 – Reports by States Parties

Article 36 – Consideration of reports. All these articles insure the availability reliable data, partnership for public and private programs. And lead or decision with program that concern them particularly. The commitment to implement the CRPD reporting, establishment mechanism.

CRPD stand the protection of PWDs and DPOs has human rights model, rather charity model.

9. The Communique from the Conference

The following key decisions were adopted at the end of the Pre-Global Conference on Disabilities

- Aligning all state laws, regulations and the constitution to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities to that the rights of persons with disabilities are included in the laws and regulations of the state.
- Enacting and implementing disability specific legislation in line with the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities
- 3. Establish, empower and maintain partnerships with persons with disabilities and their representative organizations to ensure that they meaningfully participate and contribute to decisions that affect them as well as to national development and humanitarian initiatives.
- Develop inclusive national frameworks for implementing and monitoring access to human rights by persons with disabilities in line with the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.
- 5. Establishing accessible businesses, educational centers and mosques to allow full participationand access by persons with disabilities
- Providing comprehensive and inclusive social services and safety nets to ensure dignity, well- being and reduce impact of natural and man-made disasters (drought, conflicts, floods, etc.) on people with disability
- 7. Take all necessary steps to eliminate discrimination and stigmatization against people with disabilities
- 8. Taking all the necessary steps and reasonable accommodations to ensure that persons with disabilities have equal and equitable access to information, basic services and opportunities, including humanitarian assistance.
- Ensuring the availability and access to employment and funding opportunities for persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others.
- 10. Ensure that health services, education and skills development

- opportunities are accessible to people with disabilities, and they are able to participate meaningfully in them.
- 11. All national plans, budgets and strategies should be inclusive of the specific needs of persons with disabilities and should be drafted in close consultation with people with disabilities to ensure correct capture of such needs.
- 12. Formation of local steering committee of disability rights comprising OPDs, Civil society and the government.
- 13. Ensure that Infrastructure is in line with the international disability standards and disability friendly.
- 14. Building disability friendly infrastructure such roads, all basic service centers be accessible to persons with disabilities.
- 15. Formation of one national disability umbrella.

BOX: 5 Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Article 1. All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights. Article. 22. Everyone, as a member of society, has the right to social security and is entitled to realization, through national effort and international cooperation and in accordance with the organization and resources of each State, Article 23. Very one has rights work, access opportunities or join the association. Article 26. Access of education for every person

BOX: 6 International Humanitarian law ICRC CODE OF CONDUCT

- 1. The humanitarian imperative comes first.
- 2. Aid is given regardless of race, creed or nationality of the recipients, and without adverse distinction of any kind. Aid priorities are calculated on the basis of need alone.
- 3. Aid will not be used to further a particular political or religious standpoint.
- 4. We shall endeavor not to act as instruments of government foreign policy.
- 5. We shall respect culture and custom.
- 6. We shall attempt to build disaster response on local capacities.
- 7. Ways shall be found to involve program me beneficiaries in the management of relief aid.
- 8. Relief aid must strive to reduce future vulnerabilities to disaster as well as meeting basic needs.
- 9. We hold ourselves accountable to both those we seek to assist and those from whom we accept resources
- 10. In our information, publicity and advertising activities, we shall recognize disaster victims as dignified humans, not hopeless objects.

10. Somali Disability Network (SDN)

Somali Disability Network is a legally registered local NGO. Registered with the Federal Government of Somalia – Ministry of Interior Federal Affairs and Reconciliation. SDN is a nonpartisan Network of Disabled People Organizations (DPOs) established in the year 2020 by a group of Somali Scholars, Intellectuals and Professional most of whom Persons with Disabilities (PWDs).

The organization is focusing on improving the lives and livelihoods of persons with disabilities and promoting respect for their dignity and fundamental rights while working as a platform on matters humanitarian, human rights and development utilizing the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and other human rights instruments.

The organization is a 15 plus member organizations majority of which are organizations catering for people with disabilities (PWDs), Service providers and minority organizations across all the regions of Somalia. The organization also assists its multi-disabilities clients and their associates in many different areas.

The organization is founded on the principles of democracy, respect for human rights and the rule of lawwith a strong focus on the vulnerable, marginalized and minority groups in all the regions of Somalia and beyond that have been subjects of oppression, discrimination and marginalization for years.

SDN projects are implemented where members and local communities have been organized and have shown a lot of interest in the ideals of the organization. This enhances sustainability of projects once implementation is completed. This approach of undertaking demand driven projects coming from the members and grassroots promotes local resource mobilization and utilization by the local communities. Frequent stakeholders' meetings and workshops are also organized to explore how members participate more effectively in the implementation of the projects. SDN's Board of Management meets quarterly to monitor and evaluate the implementation of the strategic plan and resource mobilizationand makes appropriate plans of Action. These action plans are implemented by the members through coordination of the secretariat.

10.2 Vision

To empower DPOs and PWDs for an inclusive, discrimination free society where people with disability fully enjoy their rights and live in dignity, are healthy and have access to necessary resources. To realize our vision of a socially just, accessible, and inclusive community, our purpose is to be a leading organization which values diversity, respect and equality to fully realize the potential of persons with disabilities in order to build a better world for all.

10.3 Mission

To improve the lives and livelihoods of persons with disabilities and promote respect for their dignity and fundamental rights in Somalia while working as a platform on matters humanitarian, human rights and development utilizing the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities and other human rights instruments.

The Network strives to contribute to building, strengthening and supporting PWDs in Somalia to become self-reliant individuals living a dignified life and contributing to the advancement of the needs and wellbeing of PWDs through joint collaborative efforts, advocacy and provision of policy guidance aimed at improving the conditions of PWDs at local, regional and national levels.

10.3 Core Values

SDN work is guided by the following values and principles: -

- 1. **Respect to viewpoints**: We recognize the importance of considering opportunity to all voices and opinions, including those that contradict our convictions.
- 2. **Respect of Rights of PWDs**: We believe in deliberately strengthening the capacity of PWDs and other minority and vulnerable groups to meet their basic needs and to improve on their position; and have a strong commitment to the rights of the PWDs.
- 3. **Courage of Conviction:** SDN believes in being creative and radical without fear of failure in pursuit of what we believe is in the course of human justice, equality and dignity.
- 4. **Fairness, equity and Justice: We strive to ensure that everyone,** regardless of sex, age, race, tribe, class and religion, has equal opportunity for expression and for utilizing their unique potential.
- Institutional Integrity: SDN emphasizes honesty, transparency and accountability to the members, community and to our collaborative partners or otherwise; this is to instill the virtue in which we strongly believe.

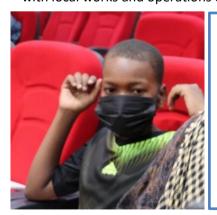
10.4 Our Stakeholders

SDN's projects and initiatives touch many aspects of the society. Our stakeholders include: -

- 1. Disable People Organization (DPOs)
- 2. People with Disabilities (PWDs)
- 3. Civil Society Organizations (CSOs)
- 4. Public institutions
- 5. Business sector
- 6. Education sector
- 7. Ministry of Human rights and women
- 8. Ministry of Labor
- 9. Local and international NGOs
- 10. Federal government of Somalia

10.5 Member organizations

SDN is local DPOs network with 15 members full members and 20 member a total 35 members most of them DPOs and NGO working the interest of the PWDs operation in the country mostly in Banadirregiont Mogadishu the capital city of Somalia and members from the federal states based DPOs. The network is the largest in the area with local works and operations coordination.



BOX: 7 Case Study: 2. Mr. Ayub

A young boy age of 12 amputee both legs in suicide bomb attack n Mogadishu 14 October 2017. He told the media that he did not participate such this meeting in five starts. And most of the people here don't speak to me when I am in the streets. I hope support for may life which is very bad. I have a dream for school to be a professional teacher in the future who makes changes the lives of people left alone behind the society.

11. SDG 2030 Goals

The 17 goals of the SDG 2030 are very important that serve inclusive for all in the world. For the participation of the PWDs as beneficiary and the DPOs key actors or partners guiding the work without people left alone or brined in the world. 1 billion persons with disability are the largest minority in the world who have problems for the social and political participation. Mainstreaming SDG and CRPD is best practices supportive these people







































Goal 1 NO POVERTY

Goal 2 ZERO HUNGER

Goal 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

Goal 4 QUALITY EDUCATION

Goal 5 GENDER EQUALITY

Goal 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

Goal 7 A F F O R D A B L E A N D C L E A N E N E R G Y

Goal 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

Goal 9. INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Goal 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES

Goal 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Goal 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Goal 13 CLIMATE ACTION

Goal 14 LIFE BELOW WATER

Goal 15 LIFE ON LAND

Goal 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

Goal 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



THE END

Date 24-25 January 2022 Location Mogadishu Somalia Venue: Jazira Palace Hote